

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( ) Preliminary Specification

) Final Specification

(

Title 13.3" WXGA TFT LCD

Customer	HP
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP133WX1
Suffix	TLN1

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE	APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/		REVIEWED BY	
/		PREPARED BY	
/			
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.		Products Engineering LG. Philips LCD Co.	



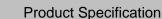
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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Aug. 25. 2007	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	-
0.1	Oct. 04. 2007	8, 20	Change the LCD Connector (User Locking Type)	
		15	Change the luminance min. (220nit 210nit)	
		15	Change the Uniformity Spec. (1.6 1.7)	
		30	Chang the Timing table (DCLK : 71MHz 69.3MHz)	
		30	Adding the EDID DATA	0.0
0.2	Nov. 23. 2007	15	Updated color coordinates	
		16	Updated gray scale specification	
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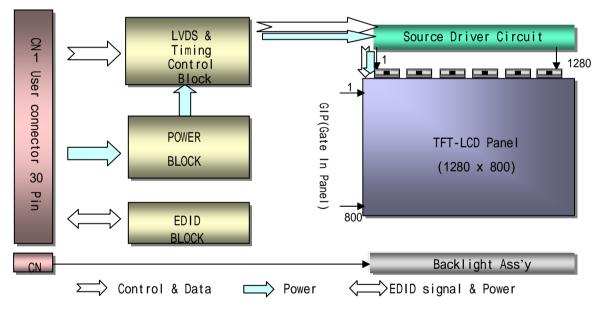
# 1. General Description

LG.PHILIPS LCD 🦉

The LP133WX1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 13.3 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP133WX1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP133WX1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP133WX1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



## **General Features**

Active Screen Size	13.3 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	299.0(H)[typ.] × 195.0(V)[typ.] × 5.5(D) mm [Max.]
Pixel Pitch	0.2235 mm × 0.2235 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	250 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 4.18 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 0.38Watt(Typ.), B/L input 3.8Watt(Typ.)
Weight	360g [Max.]
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Anti-Reflection treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes



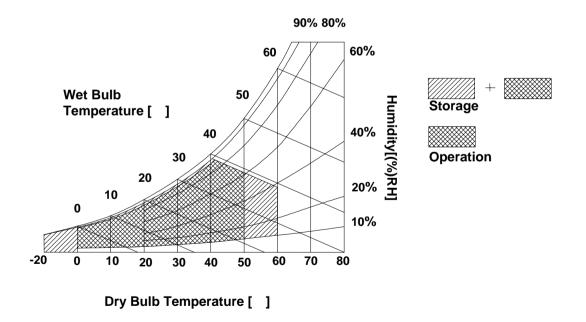
## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Falametei	Symbol	Min	Max	UTIILS		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 $\pm$ 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

#### Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



# 3. Electrical Specifications

## **3-1. Electrical Characteristics**

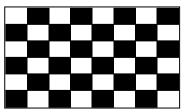
The LP133WX1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deveneter	Symbol			1.1 14	Natas		
Parameter			Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :							
Power Supply Input Voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	
		Mosaic	95	115	135	mA	1
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>cc</sub>						
Power Consumption	Power Consumption Pc		-	0.38	0.45	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm		90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :							
Operating Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>		605	640	855	V <sub>RMS</sub>	
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>		2.0	6.0	7.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Power Consumption			-	3.8	4.2	[	
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>		45	60	80	kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts		-	-	3	Min	4
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	5
Established Starting Voltage							
at 25		Vs			1140	V <sub>RMS</sub>	
at 0					1370	V <sub>RMS</sub>	

#### Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, 25, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance  $(L_{WH})$  in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.



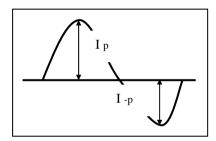
#### Note)

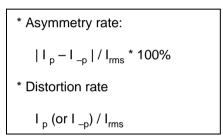
LG.PHILIPS LCD

- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
  - 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.  $T_s$  is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
  - 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.
  - 9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $2 \pm 10\%$ .
  - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



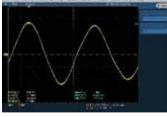


10. Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp voltage for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.

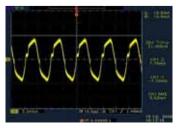
Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

Ex of current wave)



Normal current wave - Standard



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



## 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SRL-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

#### Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1, Interface chips
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1.1 LCD : SW, SW0615_M (LCD Controller)
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	including LVDS Receiver 1.2 System : it must include international
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	standard LVDS Transmitter.
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	2. Connector
8	R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.1 LCD :FI-XB30SRL-HF11,JAE.
9	R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	MDF76LBRW-30S-1H ,HIROSE
10	GND	Ground	its compatibles 2.2 Mating : FI-X30C2L or equivalent.
11	R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
12	R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
13	GND	Ground	
14	R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
15	R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30 1 ПППП
16	GND	Ground	
17	CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No Connect	
21	NC	No Connect	
22	GND	Ground	
23	NC	No Connect	
24	NC	No Connect	
25	GND	Ground	
26	NC	No Connect	
27	NC	No Connect	
28	GND	Ground	
29	NC	No Connect	
30	NC	No Connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is AMP1674817-2 or equivalent.

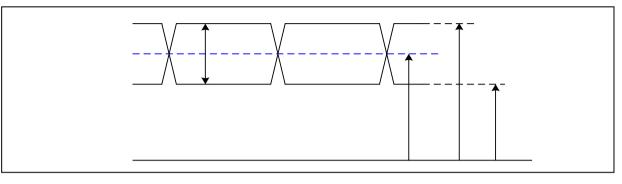
Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATIO	N (J3)

	Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
	1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2 LV Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side) 1	2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Yellow.

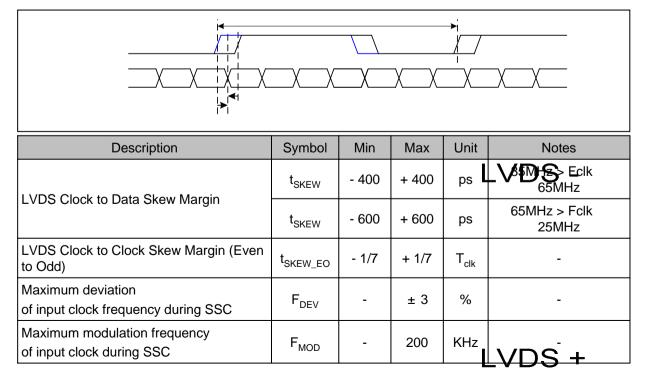
# 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification

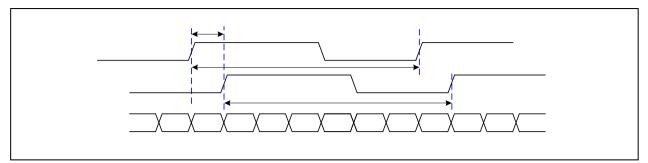


Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.3	2.1	V	-

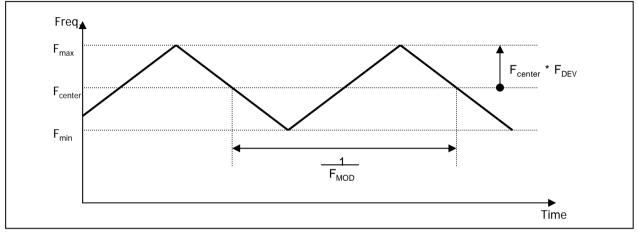
# 3-3-2. AC Specification







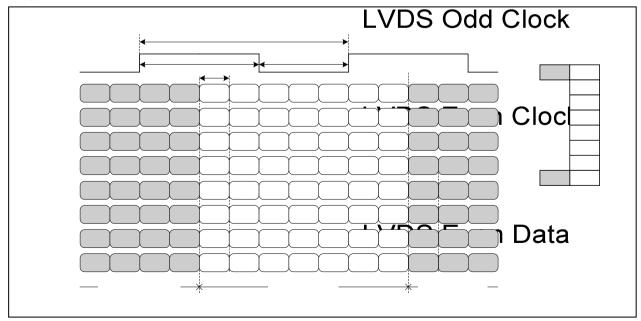
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

# 3-3-3. Data Format

1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >



# 2) LVDS 1 Port

RCLK+		
RA+/-	R3 R2 R1 R0	C0 R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0 C0 R5 R4
RB+/-	G4 G3 G2 GI	B1 B0 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 B1 B0 G5
RC+/-	<b>B5 B4 B3 B2</b>	DE VSYNCHSYNC B5 B4 B3 B2 DE VSYNCHSYNC
RD+/-	G7 G6 R7 R6	X B7 B6 G7 G6 R7 R6 X B7 B6
	——Previous (N-1)th Cycle ——>	Current (Nth) Cycle — Next (N+1)th Cycle —



# 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	-	69.3	-	MHz	
	Period	Thp	1366	1416	1488		
Hsync	Width	twн	16	32	48	<b>t</b> CLK	
	Active	twна	1280	1280	1280		
Vsync	Period	t∨P	811	816	847		
	Width	tw∨	3	6	9	tHP	
	Active	twva	800	800	800		
Data	Horizontal back porch	thbp	54	80	98	touk	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	24	62	<b>t</b> CLK	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	5	6	35	415	
	Vertical front porch	tVFP	4	4	4	tHP	

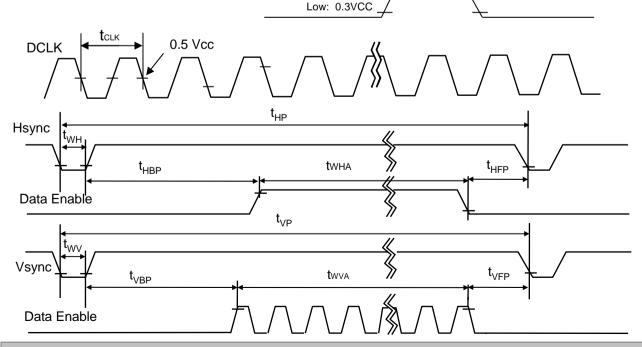
High: 0.7VCC

#### Table 6. TIMING TABLE

# 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms

Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync

Condition : VCC = 3.3V



## **3-6. Color Input Data Reference**

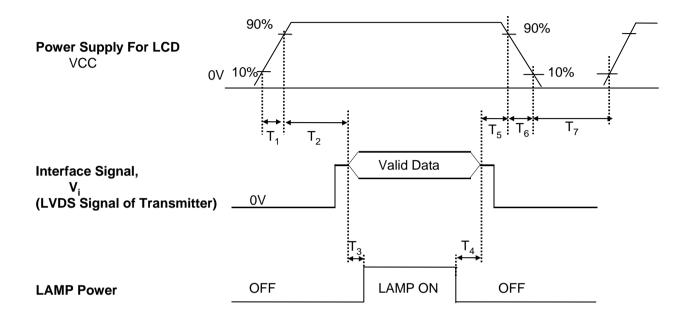
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	Ð					GRE	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSE						MSE					LSB	<u> </u>					LSB
			R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1		B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	.0 		0	0	0	0 			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1 	1 	1 	1 	1 	1 1	0 	.0 		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 	1	1 	1 	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED														····					
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN				•••••	•••••						••••• 					· · · · · ·	••••• ••		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	 1	 1	· · · · · · 1	 1	 1	 1	0	0	 0	0	0	 0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	 0	0	0			0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	0	 0		 0	 1
BLUE	·····																••••• ••		
_	BLUE (62)	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	1		 1	 1	 1	 0
	BLUE (63)	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	1		 1	 1	· · · · · 1	 1

#### Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



## 3-7. Power Sequence



Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

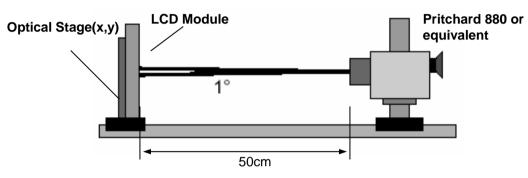
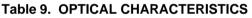


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Demonster	Quarte et		Values	L locitor	Netes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	350	400	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	210	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE</sub>		-	1.7		3
Response Time						4
Rise Time+Decay Time	Tr <sub>R +</sub> Tr <sub>D</sub>		25	35	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.566	0.590	0.616		
	RY	0.316	0.343	0.366		
GREEN	GX	0.307	0.328	0.357		
	GY	0.511	0.540	0.561		
BLUE	BX	0.135	0.161	0.185		
	BY	0.123	0.148	0.173		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	45	-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi$ =180°)	ΘΙ	40	45	-	degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi$ =90°)	Θu	10	15	-	degree	
y axis, down ( $\Phi$ =270°)	Θd	30	35	-	degree	
Gray Scale			-			6

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz, f<sub>CLK</sub>= 71.0MHz,  $F_{BL}$  = 60KHz ,  $I_{BL}$ = 6.0mA



Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

 $L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_5)$ 

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}$ 

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

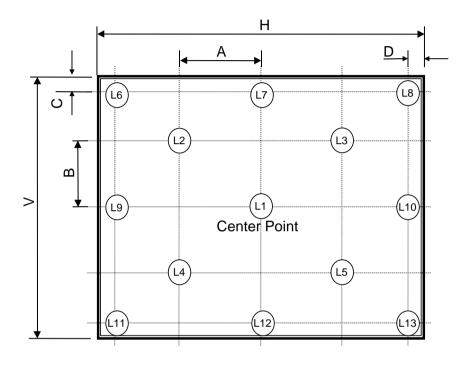
\*  $f_{V} = 60 Hz$ 

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.24
L7	1.54
L15	5.39
L23	12.07
L31	23.00
L39	37.80
L47	54.70
L55	74.90
L63	100



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

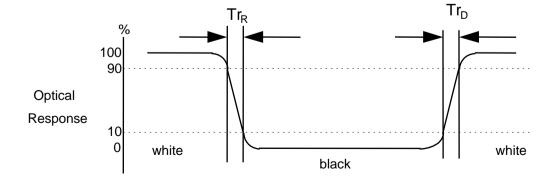
<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



H,V : ACTIVE AREA A : H/4 mm B : V/4 mm C : 10 mm D : 10 mm POINTS : 13 POINTS

#### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





## **5. Mechanical Characteristics**

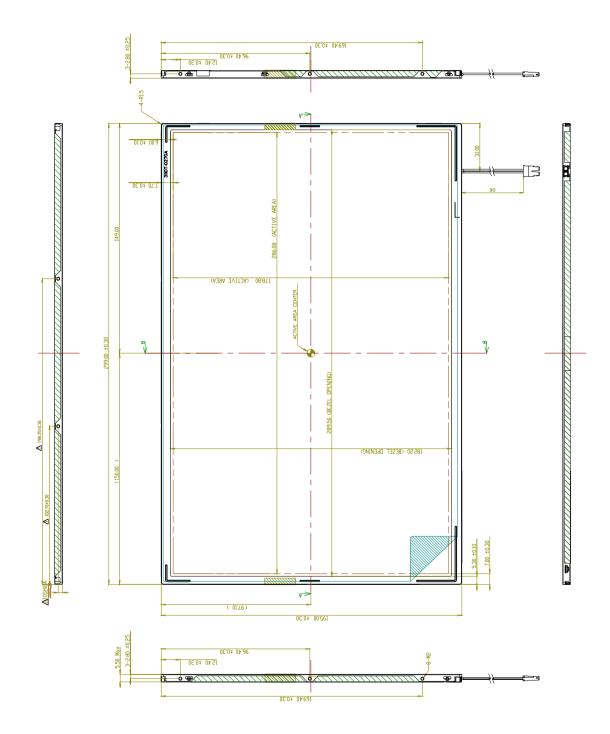
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP133WX1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$299.0\pm0.3\text{mm}$					
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$195.0\pm0.3\text{mm}$					
	Depth	5.2mm(Typ.),5.5mm(Max.)					
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$289.5\pm0.3\text{mm}$					
Dezer Alea	Vertical	$182.2\pm0.3\text{mm}$					
Active Display Area	Horizontal	286.08 mm					
Active Display Alea	Vertical	178.8 mm					
Weight	360g(Max.)						
Surface Treatment	Anti-Reflection & Glare, hard coating 3H						



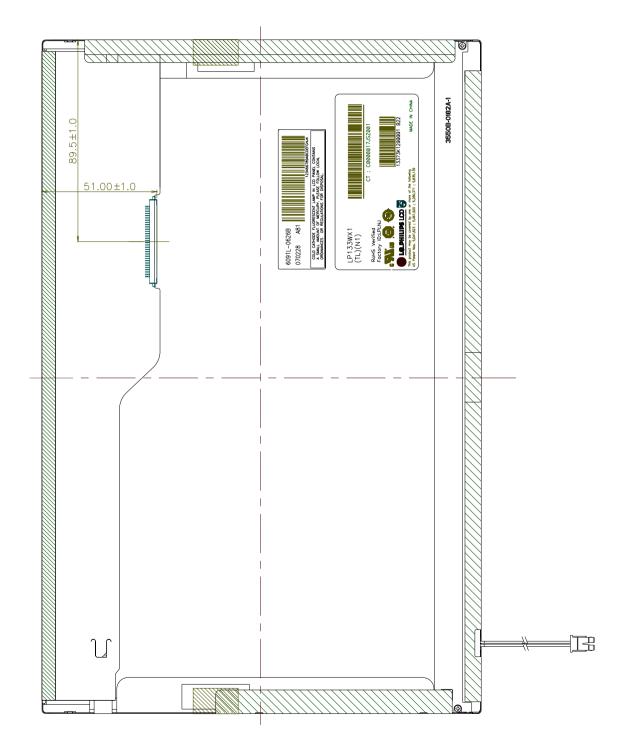
## <FRONT VIEW>

# Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm 0.5$ mm



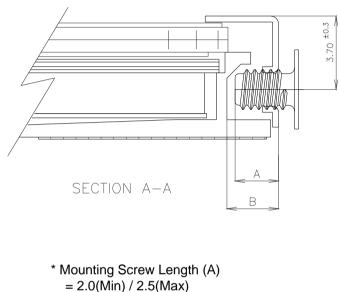


## <REAR VIEW>





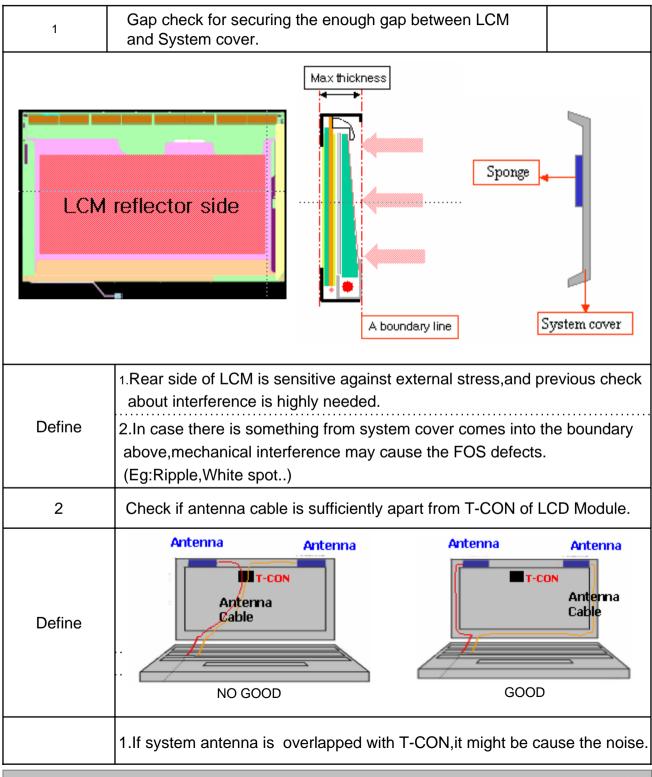
### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



- \* Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)
- \* Mounting hole location : 3.7(typ.)
- \* Torque : 2.5 kgf.cm(Max) (Measurement gauge : torque meter)
- Notes : 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

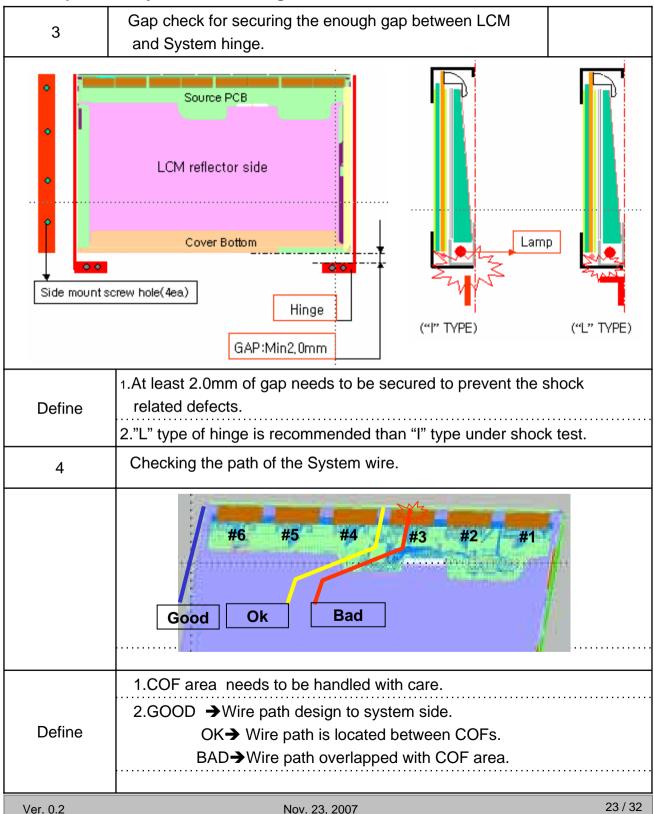


# LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)



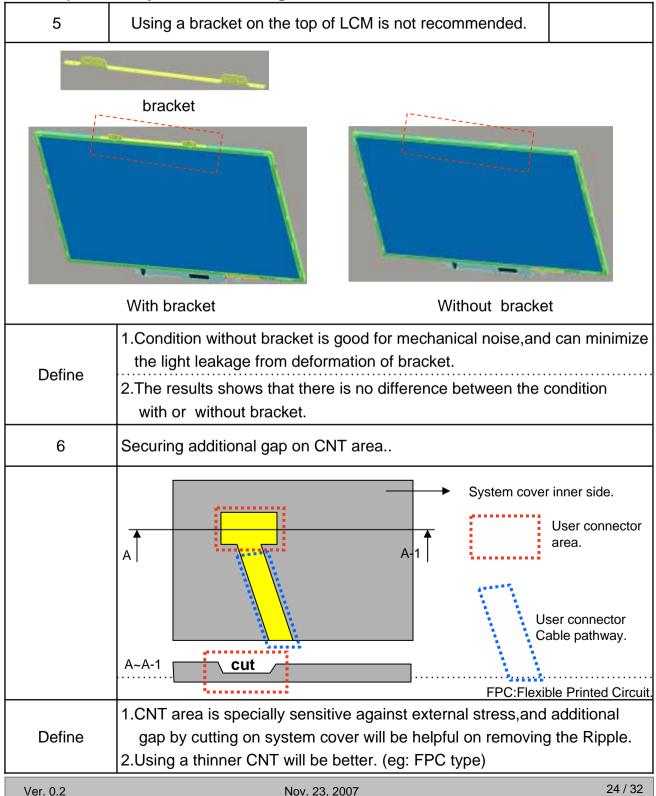


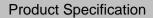
## LPL Proposal for system cover design.





## LPL Proposal for system cover design.





# 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

🕒 LG.PHILIPS LCD 🥰

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



## 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



# 8. Packing

# 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) E : MONTH D : YEAR F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

## 8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 30 pcs
- b) Box Size : 475.0 mm × 348.0 mm × 274.0 mm



## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

## 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)
  - to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

## 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

## 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

# 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

# 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

## 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 1/3

				h. e	Velve	
Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Com m ents		lue	Value	
(decimal)	( <u>HEX</u> )	11 1	<u>`</u>	EX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header Header	0 F	0	0000 0000	
2	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
3	02	Header	F	F	1111 1111	Header
4	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111	noudor
5	05	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
6	06	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
7	07	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
8	08	E 16 A m anufacturer code (3 C haracter 10) = LPL	3	2	0011 0010	
9	09	Compressed ASCII	0	С	0000 1100	
10	0 A 0	Product code = 011D	0	1	0000 0001	
11	0B	(Hex,LSB first)	1	D	0001 1101	
12	00	LCD m odule SerialNo - Preferred butOptional ('0" if notused	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/
13	0 D	LCD m odule SerialNo – Preferred butOptional ('0" if not used	0	0	0000 0000	Product D
14	0E	LCD m odule Serial No – Preferred but Optional (0" if not used	0	0	0000 0000	
15	0F	LCD m odule Serial No - Preferred but Optional ('0''if not used	0	0	0000 0000	
16	10	Week of Manufacture	0	0	0000 0000	
17	11	Year of M anufacture = 2007	1	1	0001 0001	
18	12	ED D Structure version $\# = 1$	0	1	0000 0001	EDD Version/
19	13	ED D Revision # = 3	0	3	0000 0011	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digita II/P,non TM DS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	
21	15	MaxH mage size(cm)=28.608cm (29)	1	D	0001 1101	Display
22	16	MaxV m age size(cm)=17.880cm (18)	1	2	0001 0010	Param eter
23	17	D isp lay gam m a =2.2	7	8	0111 1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Cobr	0	А	0000 1010	
25	19	Red /G reen low B its	2	F	0010 1111	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	3	0	0011 0000	
27 28	1B 1C	Red X = 0.590 (TBD) Red Y = 0.346 (TBD)	9 5	8	1001 0111 0101 1000	
20	10 1D	G reen X = 0.328 (TBD)	5 5	3	0101 0011	Color
30	1E	Green Y = 0.546 (TBD)	8	B	1000 1011	Characteristic
31	1F	$B \ln X = 0.161 (TBD)$	2	9	0010 1001	
32	20	B  lue  Y = 0.148  (TBD)	2	5	0010 0101	
33	21	W hite X = 0.313	5	0	0101 0000	
34	22	W hite Y = 0.329	5	4	0101 0100	
35	23	Established Timing I= 00h(lfnotused)	0	0	0000 0000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(lfnotused)	0	0	0000 0000	Tim ings
37	25	Manufacturer's T in ings = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
42	2A	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
43	2B	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Standard
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Tim ing D
46	2E	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	···· <b>·································</b>
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Tim ing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
40	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
49 50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
			0	1	0000 0001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	-			
52	34	Standard Tim ing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 2/3

	<b>D</b>				-	,
Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		lue EX)	Value (binary)	
(decimal)	(HEX)					
54 55	36 37	1280X800 @ 60Hz m ode pixelcbck (LSB) => 69.3MHz (Stored LSB first)	1 1		0001 0010 0001 1011	
56	38	Horizon ta l Active = 1280 pixels (bw er 8b its)	0		0000 0000	
50	30		8		1000 1000	
58	39 3A	Horizon ta IB banking = 1.36 pixels (bwer8bits) Horizon ta IA ctive: Horizon ta IB banking (upper4:4bits)	о 5		0101 0000	
			5 2		0010 0000	
59	3B					
60 61	3C 3D		1 3		0001 0000 0011 0000	Tining
			3 3			Tim ing
62	3E	Horizon ta ISync. 0 ffset = 24 pixels			0011 0000	Descriptor
63	3F	Horizon ta ISyn c Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2		0010 0000 0100 0110	#1
64	40	Vertical Sync 0 ffset = 4 lines : Sync W idth = 6 lines				
65	41	Horizon tal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits = 0	0		0000 0000	
66	42	Horizon ta Image Size = 286.08mm (286)	1 B		0001 1110	
67	43	Vertical Im age Size = 178.80cm (179)	_		1011 0011	
68	44	Horizon tal & Vertical In age Size	1		0001 0000	
69	45	Horizon ta I Border = 0	0		0000 0000	
70	46	VerticalBorder = 0	0	0	0000 0000	
71	47	Non-in terlaced,Nomi al display,no stereo,Digital separate sync,H/V pol negatives	1		0001 1000	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor#2	0		0000 0000	
73	49		0		0000 0000	
74	4A		0		0000 0000	
75	4B		0		0000 0000	
76	4C		0		0000 0000	
77	4D		0		0000 0000	
78	4E		0		0000 0000	
79	4F		0	0	0000 0000	Tim ing
80	50		0	0	0000 0000	Description
81	51		0		0000 0000	#2
82	52		0		0000 0000	
83	53		0		0000 0000	
84	54		0		0000 0000	
85	55		0		0000 0000	
86	56		0		0000 0000	
87	57		0		0000 0000	
88	58		0		0000 0000	
89	59		0		0000 0000	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor#3	0		0000 0000	
90	5B		0		0000 0000	
92	50		0	0	0000 0000	
92	50 5D		F		1111 1110	
93	5D 5E		г 0		0000 0000	
94 95	5E 5F	L	4		0100 1100	
95 96	5F 60	G	4		0100 1100	
90	61	P	4 5		0100 0111	Tim ing
97	62	h	5 6		0101 0000	Description
90	63	i	6 6		0110 1000	#3
99 100	64	1	ю 6			#3
	65	i i	о 6		0110 1100 0110 1001	
101			о 7	9	0110 1001	
102	66	p				
103	67	<u> </u>	7		0111 0011	
104	68	L	4		0100 1100	
105	69	<u> </u>	4		0100 0011	
106	6A	D	4		0100 0100	
107	6B	LF	0	А	0000 1010	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 3/3

	_			-			
Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		lue	Value		
(decimal)	(HEX)		(H	EX)	(binary)		
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000	0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000	0000	
110	6E		0	0	0000	0000	
111	6F		F	Е	1111	1110	
112	70		0	0	0000	0000	
113	71	L	4	С	0100	1100	
114	72	Р	5	0	0101	0000	
115	73	1	3	1	0011	0001	Timing
116	74	3	з	з	0011	0011	Description
117	75	3	з	з	0011	0011	#4
118	76	w	5	7	0101	0111	
119	77	x	5	8	0101	1000	
120	78	1	з	1	0011	0001	
121	79	-	2	D	0010	1101	
122	7A	т	5	4	0101	0100	
123	7B	L	4	С	0100	1100	
124	7C	Ν	4	Е	0100	1110	
125	7D	1	з	1	0011	0001	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000	0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	3	D	0011	1101	Checksum