

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( **♦** ) Preliminary Specification

() Final Specification

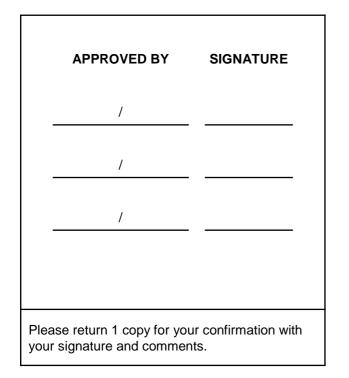
Title

# 13.3" WXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.		
*MODEL	LP133WX1		
Suffix	TLA1		

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix



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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EEDID Ver.
0.0	Nov.22.2005	-	Preliminary Specification	V0.0
0.1	Jan.13.2006	12	Change Optical Characteristics	-
			- Luminance Variation 1.4(typ.), 1.6(max) ==> 1.5(typ.), 1.7(max)	
0.2	Feb.14.2006	4	Change Power Consumption	
			- Total 4.6 Watt (Typ.) → 4.65 Watt (Typ.)	
		6	Change Power Supply Input Current	
			- 215(Typ.), 245(Max.) → 230(Typ.), 265(Max.) @ Mosaic	
			- 245(Typ.), 270(Max.) → 260(Typ.), 290(Max.) @ Black	
			Change Power Consumption	
			- 0.8 (Typ.), 0.9(Max.) → 0.85 (Typ.), 0.95 (Max.) @ Black	

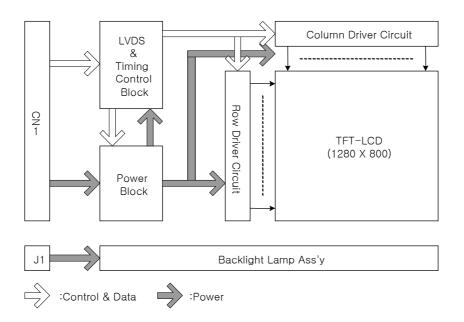


# **1. General Description**

The LP133WX1-TLA1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 13.3 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP133WX1-TLA1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP133WX1-TLA1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP133WX1-TLA1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	13.3 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	299.0(H)[typ.] × 195.0(V)[typ.] × 5.5(D) mm [Max.]
Pixel Pitch	0.2235 mm × 0.2235 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	250 cd/m²[typ.], 5p average
Power Consumption	Total 4.65 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 0.85 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 3.8 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	350g [Typ.],360g [Max.]
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Anti-Reflection treatment of the front polarizer



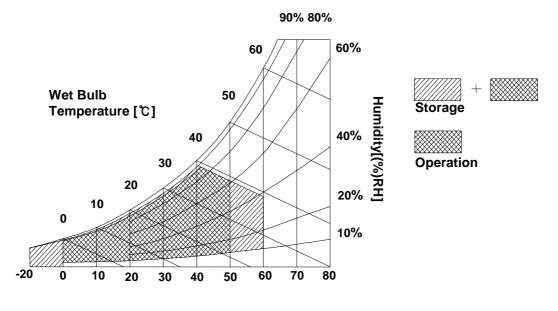
# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

#### Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



Dry Bulb Temperature [°C]



# 3. Electrical Specifications

# **3-1. Electrical Characteristics**

The LP133WX1-TLA1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Deveneter	Cumula al		Linit	Notoo		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>dc</sub>	
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>cc</sub>		230	265	mA	Mosaic
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>cc</sub>	-	260	290	mA	Black
Power Consumption	Pc	-	0.85	0.95	Watts	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	595(7.0mA)	630(6.0mA)	845(2.0mA)	V <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	2.0	6.0	7.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	4
Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>	-	3.8	4.2		
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>	45	60	80	kHz	7
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	5
Life Time		12,000	-	-	Hrs	6
Established Starting Voltage at 25℃ at 0 ℃	Vs			1140 1370	V <sub>RMS</sub> V <sub>RMS</sub>	8

Note)

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25 ℃, fv = 60Hz condition whereas black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  10%.
- 4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L<sub>WH</sub>) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
- The applied lamp current is a typical one.

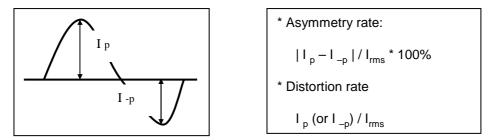


#### Note)

9. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
  - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



\* Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



#### **3-2. Interface Connections**

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 20 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model DF manufactured by LGC.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes			
1	GND	Ground				
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1, Interface chips 1.1 LCD : LVDS Receiver (THC63LVD824)			
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	or equivalent 1.2 System : THC63LVD823A or equivalent			
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	* Pin to Pin compatible with TI LVDS			
5	NC	No Connection	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : DF19KR-20P-1H, HIROSE or			
6	CIK EEDID	DDC Clock	its compatibles 2.2 Mating : DF19G-20S-1C or equivalent.			
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	2.3 Connector pin arrangement			
8	RA1-	Odd Channel Differential signal				
9	RA1+	Odd Channel Differential signal	CN1			
10	GND	Ground				
11	RB1-	Odd Channel Differential signal	1 20			
12	RB1+	Odd Channel Differential signal				
13	GND	Ground				
14	RC1-	Odd Channel Differential signal				
15	RC1+	Odd Channel Differential signal	Viewing on Display side			
16	GND	Ground	CN2			
17	RCLK1-	Odd Channel Differential signal	20 1			
18	RCLK1+	Odd Channel Differential signal				
19	GND	Ground	CN1			
20	RA2-	Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]			

# Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or its compatibles . The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

#### Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes : 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is yellow



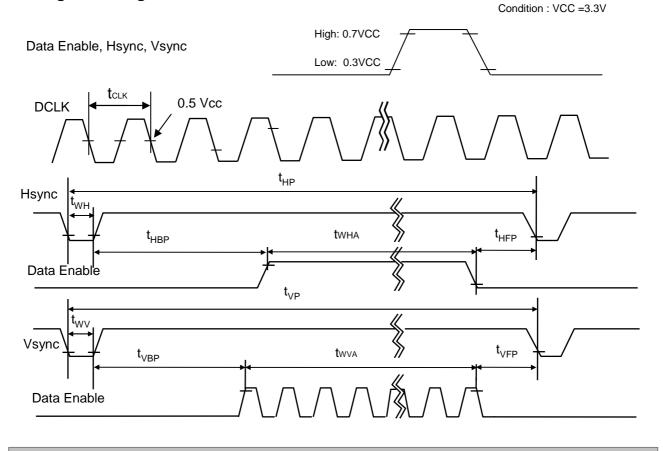
# 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for it's proper operation.

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	67.5	71.0	74.5	MHz	
	Period	Thp	1366	1440	1488		
Hsync	Width	twн	16	32	48	<b>t</b> CLK	
	Active	twha	1280	1280	1280		
Vsync	Period	tVP	811	823	847		
	Width	tw∨	3	6	9	tHP	
	Active	twva	800	800	800		
Data	Horizontal back porch	thep	54	80	98	1011/	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	48	62	tCLK	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	5	14	35	4.15	
	Vertical front porch	tVFP	3	3	3	tHP	

#### Table 6. TIMING TABLE

# 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





# **3-5. Color Input Data Reference**

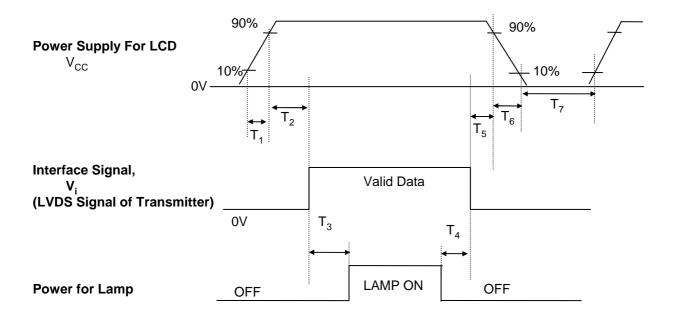
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
		MSE					LSB						LSB						LSB
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1 	1 	1 • • • • • •	1	1	1 	0	0	0 	0	0 	0 	0	0	0	0 	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1 	1 	1 	1 	1 	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE		····		· · · · · · . ·						····· 							 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1			0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1		1

# Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE



### 3-6. Power Sequence



#### Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

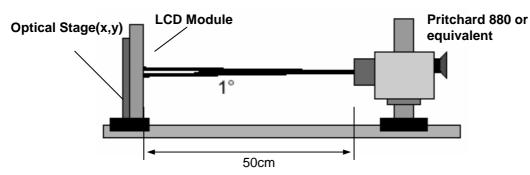


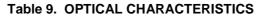
# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 Presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method





Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz, f<sub>CLK</sub>= 71.0MHz, lout = 6.0mA

Deremeter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notoo
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	350	400	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	220	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$		1.5	1.7		3
Response Time						4
Rise Time+Decay Time	Tr <sub>R +</sub> Tr <sub>D</sub>		25	35	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	RY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
GREEN	GX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	GY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
BLUE	BX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	BY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right( $\Phi$ =0°)	Θr	40	45	-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi$ =180°)	ΘΙ	40	45		degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi$ =90°)	Θu	10	15		degree	
y axis, down ( $\Phi$ =270°)	Θd	30	35	-	degree	
Gray Scale			-			6



Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

 $L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_5)$ 

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots, L_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

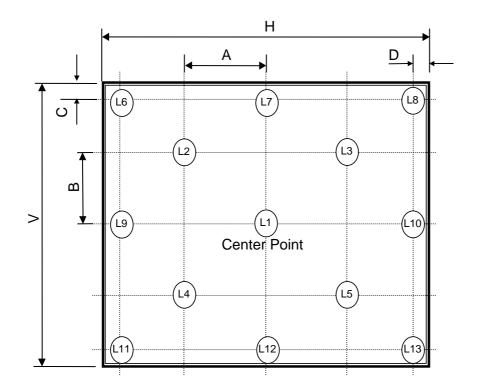
\*  $f_{V} = 60Hz$ 

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.12
L7	0.97
L15	4.61
L23	11.4
L31	21.6
L39	35.4
L47	53.0
L55	74.5
L63	100



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

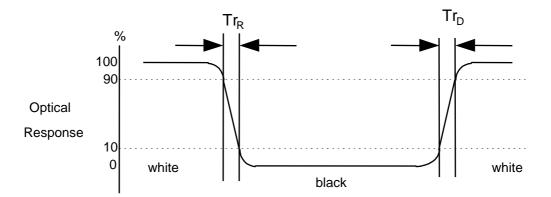
<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



H,V : ACTIVE AREA A : H/4 mm B : V/4 mm C : 10 mm D : 10 mm POINTS : 13 POINTS

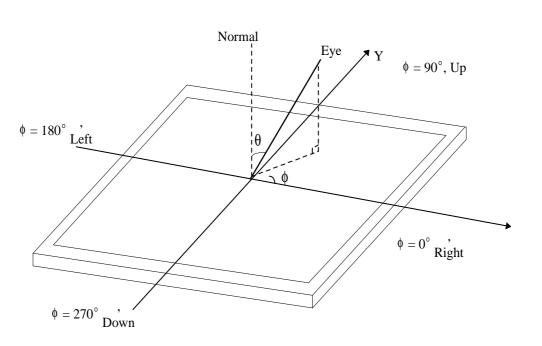
#### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





#### FIG. 4 Viewing angle



<Dimension of viewing angle range>



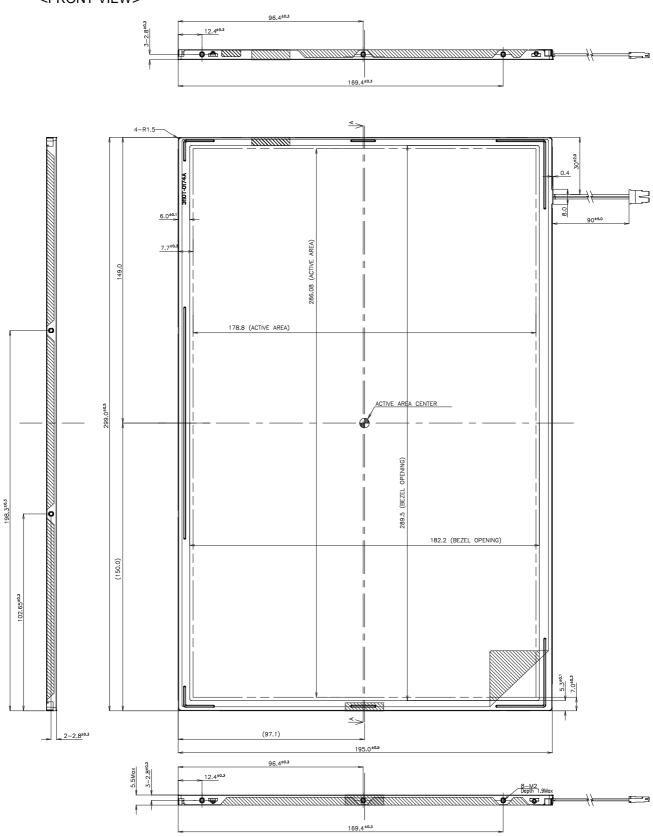
# **5. Mechanical Characteristics**

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP133WX1-TLA1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	$299.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	195.0 ± 0.5mm				
	Depth	5.2mm(Typ.),5.5mm(Max.)				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	289.5 ± 0.3mm				
Dezel Alea	Vertical	$182.2\pm0.3\text{mm}$				
Activo Display Area	Horizontal	286.08 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	178.8 mm				
Weight	350g(typ) , 360g(Max.)					
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H), Anti-Reflection treatment of the front polarizer					

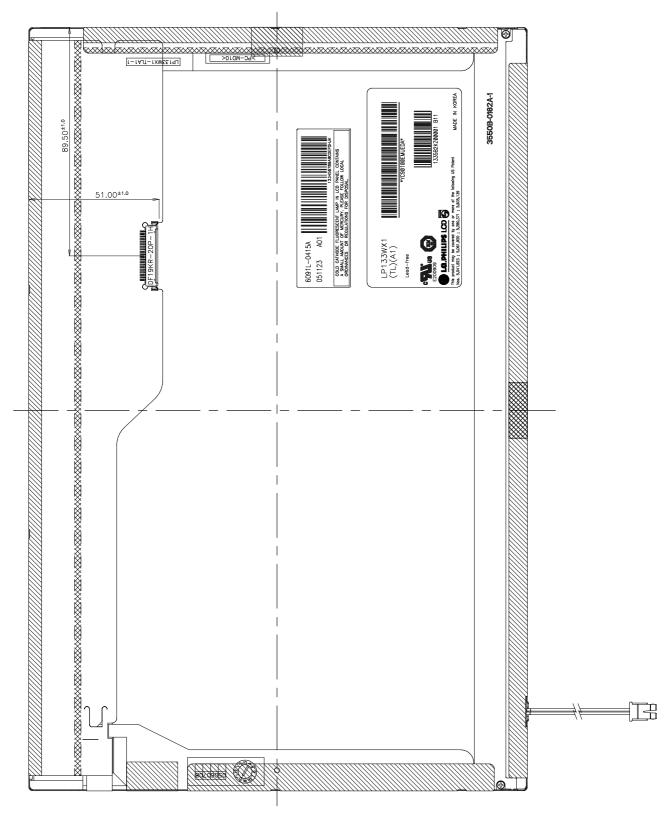






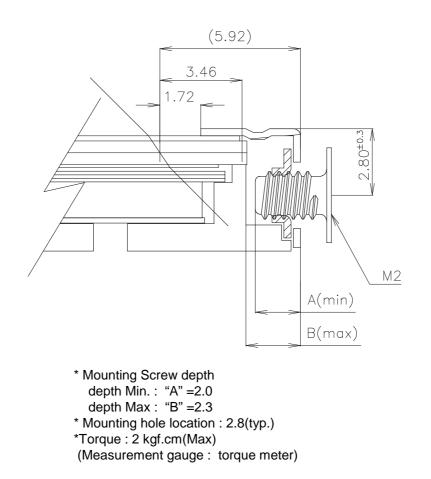


#### <REAR VIEW>





#### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



Notes : 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



# 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)						
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr						

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



# 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

# 7-2. EMC

a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992

b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.

c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



# 8. Packing

# 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) E : MONTH

G : ASSEMBLY CODE

D : YEAR F : FACTORY CODE H ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

#### 3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG		
Mark	К	С	D		

4. SERIAL NO.

Mark 100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999, ...., A00001~A99999, ...., Z00001~Z99999

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 30 pcs
- b) Box Size : 453.0 mm  $\times$  336.0 mm  $\times$  256.0 mm



# 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

# 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.

And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

# 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



# 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

# 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

# 9-5. STORAGE

- When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

# 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.

Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.

- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 1/3

			N /			
Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Com m ents	_	lue		
(decim al)	(HEX)			EX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
2	02 03	Header	F	F	<u>1111 1111</u> 1111 1111	Header
3	03	Header Header	F	F	1111 1111	пеацеі
5	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
6	06	Header	F	F	1111 1111	
7	07	Header	0	0	0000 0000	
8	08	E ISA m anufacturer code(3 Character ID ) = APP	0	6	0000 0110	
9	09	Compressed ASC II	1	0	0001 0000	
10	0A	Product code(Refer to Apple's request) = M 42(0x9c5f)	5	F	0101 1111	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	9	С	1001 1100	
12	00	LCD m odule SerialNo - Preferred butOptional ( 0" if not used	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/
13	OD	LCD m odule SerialNo - Preferred butOptional ( 0" if not used		0	0000 0000	Product D
14	0E	LCD m odule SerialNo - Preferred butOptional (Ő"if notused		0	0000 0000	
15	0E 0F	LCD m odub SerialNo - Preferred butOptional (Ő"if notused		0	0000 0000	
16	10	W eek of M anufacture = M arch 2nd week	0	8	0000 1000	
17	11	Year of M anufacture = 2006	1	0	0001 0000	
17	12	ED D Structure version $\# = 1$	0	1	0000 0001	EDD Version/
10	12	ED D Revision # = 3	0	3	0000 0001	Revision
20	14	Video InputDefinition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	TIEVENT
21	15	Max H in age size(cm)=28.608cm (29)	1	D	0001 1101	Display
22	16	Max V in age size(cm)=17.880cm (18)	1	2	0001 0010	Param eter
23	17	D isp lay gam m a =2.2	7	8	0111 1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Cobr	0	Α	0000 1010	
25	19	Red/Green bw Bits	2	F	0010 1111	
26	1A	B lue/W h ite Low B its	3	0	0011 0000	
27	1B	Red X = 0.590 (TBD)	9	7	1001 0111	
28	10	Red Y = 0.346 (TBD)	5	8	0101 1000	
29	1D	G reen X = 0.328 (TBD)	5	3	0101 0011	Cobr
30	1E	$G \operatorname{reen} Y = 0.546 (TBD)$	8 2	В 9	1000 1011 0010 1001	Characteristic
31 32	1F 20	B lue X = 0.161 (TBD) B lue Y = 0.148 (TBD)	2	9 5	0010 1001	
33	20	W hite X = 0.313	5	0	0101 0000	
34		W hite $Y = 0.329$	5	4	0101 0100	
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000	Tim ings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(lf not used)	0	0	0000 0000	
38	26	Standard Tim ing Identification 1 was not used	0	-	0000 0001	
39	27	Standard Tim ing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
40	28	Standard Tim ing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
41	29	Standard Tim ing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
42	23 2A	Standard Tim ing Mentification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
42	2A 2B	Standard Tim ing Mentification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
43	20	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	Standard
			0	1		
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	-		0000 0001	Tim ing D
46	2E	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	0	-	0000 0001	
47	2F	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	-		0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Tim ing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
49	31	Standard Tim ing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
50	32	Standard Tim ing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
51	33	Standard Tim ing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
52	34	Standard Tim ing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	
53	35	Standard Tim ing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Namia and Camimianta	Val	ue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Nam e and Com m ents	(HE	χ)	(binary)	
54	36	1280X800@60 <sup>H</sup> zmodepixelcbck(LSB) => 71MHz	В	С	1011 1100	
55	37	(Stored LSB first)	1	В	0001 1011	
56	38	Horizon tal Active = 1280 pixels (bwer 8bits)	0	0	0000 0000	
57	39	HorizontalBlanking = 160 pixels (bwer8bits)		0	1010 0000	
58	ЗA	HorizontalActive:HorizontalBanking (upper4:4bits)			0101 0000	
59	3B	VerticalAvtive = 800 lines (bwer8bits)	2	0	0010 0000	
60	30	Vertica B anking = 23 lines (bwer8bits)		7	0001 0111	
61	3D	VerticalActive : VerticalBanking (upper 4:4bits)			0011 0000	Tim ing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. 0 ffset = 48 pixels			0011 0000	Descriptor
63	ЗF	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels			0010 0000	#1
64	40	VerticalSync0ffset=3 lines :SyncWidth=6 lines			0011 0110	
65	41	HorizontalVertical Sync 0 ffset/W idth upper 2b its = 0			0000 0000	
66	42	Horizontal Im age Size = 286.08m m (286)			0001 1110	
67	43	Vertical Im age Size = 178.80cm (179)			1011 0011	
68	44	Horizontal& Vertical Im age Size			0001 0000	
69	45	Horizon ta I Border = 0			0000 0000	
70	46	Vertica I Border = 0			0000 0000	
71		Non-interlaced,Norm aldisplay,no stereo,Digitalseparate sync,H/V polnegatives			0001 1000	
72	48	Detailed Tim ing Descriptor #2			0000 0000	
73	49		-		0000 0000	
74	4A				0000 0000	
75	4B		•		0000 0001	
76	4C	Version			0000 0000	
77	4D	Apple edid signature	0		0000 0110	
78	4E	Apple edid signature	1	0	0001 0000	
79	4F	Link Type	2	0	0010 0000	Tim ing
80	50	Pixel and link component format(6-bit panel interface)	0	0	0000 0000	Description
81	51	Panel features(Inverter NA, no inverter)	0	0	0000 0000	#2
82	52				0000 0000	
83	53				0000 0000	
84	54				0000 0000	
85	55				0000 0000	
86	56				0000 0000	
87	57				0000 0000	
88	58				0000 1010	
89	59				0010 0000	
90	5A	Detailed Tim ing Descriptor #3			0000 0000	
91	5B		0	0	0000 0000	
92	5C		0	0	0000 0000	
93	5D				1111 1110	
94	5E				0000 0000	
95	5F				0100 1100	
96	60	Р			0101 0000	
97	61	1	3		0011 0001	Tim ing
98	62	3			0011 0011	Description
99	63	3			0011 0011	#3
100	64	W			0101 0111	
101	65	X			0101 1000	
102	66	1	3		0011 0001	
103	67	- -			0010 1101	
104	68	T			0101 0100	
105	69				0100 1100	
106	6A	Α	4		0100 0001	
107	6B	1	3	1	0011 0001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID<sup>™</sup>) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)		(HE	EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E		0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	E	1111 1110	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	С	4	3	0100 0011	
114	72	0	6	F	0110 1111	
115	73		6	C	0110 1100	Timing
116	74	0	6	F	0110 1111	Description
117	75	r	7	2	0111 0010	#4
118	76	SPACE	2	0	0010 0000	
119	77	L	4	C	0100 1100	
120	78	C	4	3	0100 0011	
121	79	D	4	4	0100 0100	
122	7A	LF	0	A	0000 1010	
123	7B	SPACE	2	0	0010 0000	
124	7C	SPACE	2	0	0010 0000	
125	7D	SPACE	2	0	0010 0000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	С	2	1100 0010	Checksum